ABERDEEN CITY COUNCIL

COMMITTEE	Staff Governance
DATE	13 November 2023
EXEMPT	No
CONFIDENTIAL	No
REPORT TITLE	Whistleblowing Policy
REPORT NUMBER	CUS/23/250
DIRECTOR	Andy MacDonald
CHIEF OFFICER	Lindsay MacInnes (Interim)
REPORT AUTHOR	Kirsten Foley
TERMS OF REFERENCE	2.5

1. PURPOSE OF REPORT

1.1 This report presents the revised Whistleblowing Policy to Committee for approval.

2. RECOMMENDATION

2.1 That Committee approves the revised policy.

3. CURRENT SITUATION

Background

- 3.1 The Employment Rights Act 1996 as amended by the Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998 and the Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 gives legal protection to individuals against being dismissed or penalised by their employers as a result of publicly disclosing certain serious concerns.
- 3.2 Aberdeen City Council has a Whistleblowing Policy and Procedure in place to set out how these protections will be applied within the Council and the process that should be followed to raise any such concerns.
- 3.3 The existing policy has been in place since 2016, with revisions made to reflect updates in the legal position since that date.
- 3.4 In 2020, City of Edinburgh Council commissioned an independent inquiry and cultural review, the recommendations of which included improvements to the way in which whistleblowing cases were handled by the Council.
- 3.5 The report arising from the Edinburgh inquiry and review contained learning that is applicable across all public sector bodies, and these findings were taken into consideration when undertaking the review of the Aberdeen City Council policy.

3.6 A recent criminal trial highlighted issues regarding whistleblowing procedures within the NHS. Learning from this case was also taken into consideration during the review of the policy.

How the review was undertaken

- 3.7 Benchmarking was undertaken with other local authorities and public sector bodies
- 3.8 A working group was set up, comprising staff from People and Organisational Development, Legal Services and the Monitoring Officer
- 3.9 Engagement was undertaken with managers and Trade Unions
- 3.10 Feedback from the working group and engagement was considered alongside the benchmarking information gathered and the City of Edinburgh Council report
- 3.11 The draft policy was shared with the Trade Unions and taken to both the Policy Group and the Risk Board for discussion and approval.

Main Changes to the Policy

3.12 The main changes made to the policy are set out below.

Change Made	Benefit of change	Source	Link to ACC
An alternative	Offering on	Contained within	Strategy
An alternative,	Offering an		Aligns with Right
external route	independent	City of Edinburgh	Support objective
has been	route for	report	in Workforce
identified,	reporting		Strategy Delivery
allowing workers	concerns will	Offers an	Plan approved
the option of	empower	escalation route	by Staff
raising their	workers who	 lesson learned 	Governance
concern with an	may feel	from recent NHS	Committee in
appropriate	concerned	case	January 2023
independent	regarding the		Workforce Delivery
person or body	implications of	Request from	Plan SGC Jan 2023
	raising matters	Trade Unions	
	internally		
Provides greater	Clear for all	Request from	Aligns with Right
clarity regarding	workers in the	Policy Group	Support objective
the definition of	Council that they		in Workforce
the term "worker"	are protected by		Strategy Delivery
in the context of	the provisions of		Plan approved
the policy	the Policy		by Staff
			Governance
			Committee in
			January 2023

			Modern 5.
			Workforce Delivery
Clarifies links to	Underlines	Candhaal fram	Plan SGC Jan 2023
		Feedback from	Aligns with Right
Guiding	cultural	managers	Support objective
Principles	expectations		in Workforce
	regarding the		Strategy Delivery
	way in which all		Plan approved
	workers are		by Staff
	valued and the		Governance
	commitment of		Committee in
	the Council that		January 2023
	everyone is		Workforce Delivery
	treated with		Plan SGC Jan 2023
	dignity and		
	respect.		Aberdeen City
			Council Guiding
			Principles. <u>Our</u>
			Guiding Principles
			(sharepoint.com)
Provides links to	Gives clarity to	Trade Union	Aligns with Right
other Council	workers on how	request	Support objective
policies and	to appropriately		in Workforce
processes and	raise their		Strategy Delivery
clarifies the	concerns and the		Plan approved
circumstances in	link to the		by Staff
which these	appropriate		Governance
would be the	process to avoid		Committee in
more appropriate	the worker		January 2023
route to address	having to search		Workforce Delivery
concerns.	for this		Plan SGC Jan 2023
			A dention and
			Adoption and
			Change
			Management
			Pillar –
			Communications
			Adoption and
			<u>Change</u>
			Management Plan
			(8 Pillars)
			(sharepoint.com)
Provides greater	Ensures that	Feedback from	Aligns with Right
clarify on where	everyone is clear	managers	Support objective
responsibility sits	regarding their	Indiagora	in Workforce
for different	responsibility.	Lessons learned	Strategy Delivery
aspects of the	Gives	from recent NHS	Plan approved
policy		case	by Staff
Policy	transparency and makes the policy	Jase	Governance
	makes the policy		Committee in
			Committee III

Provides a route for workers who choose to remain anonymous to access feedback relating to their concern	easier to apply effectively. Openness and transparency relating to the application of the policy. Offer opportunity for complainant to escalate concerns if they feel it is necessary.	Contained within City of Edinburgh report Lessons learned from recent NHS case	January 2023 Workforce Delivery Plan SGC Jan 2023 Adoption and Change Management Pillar — Communications Adoption and Change Management Plan (8 Pillars) (sharepoint.com) Aligns with Right Support objective in Workforce Strategy Delivery Plan approved by Staff Governance Committee in January 2023 Workforce Delivery Plan SGC Jan 2023 Adoption and Change Management Pillar — Communications Adoption and Change Management Pillar — Communications Adoption and Change Management Plan (8 Pillars) (sharepoint.com) Risk Appetite
Sets out the risks that the policy mitigates against	Reduces risks to the Council	Requirement from Risk Board relating to all policies	Risk Appetite Statement Risk Appetite Statement - 2022 update (sharepoint.com)
Sets out the ways in which the effectiveness of the policy will be measured	Allows a data informed approach to improvement	Standard requirement in policy template	Adoption and Change Management Pillar — measurement Adoption and Change Management Plan

			(8 Pillars) (sharepoint.com)
Provides links to external sources of guidance	Ensures that workers have access to all possible sources of advice and support	Contained within City of Edinburgh report	Aligns with Right Support objective in Workforce Strategy Delivery Plan approved by Staff Governance Committee in January 2023 Workforce Delivery Plan SGC Jan 2023

Aims of the Revised Policy

- 3.13 Through the Workforce Design principle of the Target Operating Model, the Council aims to apply high standards of integrity, openness and honesty with a culture that promotes accountability and supports the wellbeing of all workers.
- 3.14 The Local Outcome and Improvement Plan commits to ensuring that Aberdeen is a city in which everyone can prosper and in which citizens feel safe, protected from harm and supported.
- 3.15 The revised Whistleblowing Policy provides a route by which behaviours and practice which contravene the outcomes and principles set out in the Local Outcome and Improvement Plan and the Target Operating Model can be identified, challenged and addressed.
- 3.16 The Workforce Strategy is built around key pillars which include having the right people with the right skills and the ability to access the right support to undertake their jobs effectively.
- 3.17 A key aim of the revised Whistleblowing Policy is to provide the right support to allow workers to feel empowered and trusted to highlight areas of concern whilst providing them with the reassurance that they will be protected whilst raising such issues.
- 3.18 Workers who have confidence that the policy is robust and offers them their statutory rights to make a protected disclosure are more likely to raise concerns about behaviours or omissions that potentially carry financial, reputational or service delivery risks to the Council.
- 3.19 The opportunity to challenge and address such risks not only provides mitigation, but also ensures that workers, citizens and service users are protected from the effects of any malpractice or wrongdoing.

4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

- 4.1 There are no direct costs associated with the implementation of the revised policy.
- 4.2 The application of the policy could lead to financial malpractice or practices which are wasteful of Council resources being identified and addressed, thus protecting finite resources.

5. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

- 5.1 The policy provides assurance that the Council is meeting its obligations under the Employment Rights Act 1996 as amended by the Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998 and the Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013.
- 5.2 The policy further provides a route through which illegal practices may be identified and addressed.

6. ENVIRONMENTAL IMPLICATIONS

6.1 The policy provides a route through which any issues relating to damage to the environment may be identified and addressed, thus helping to ensure that Council activities are carried out in a way that ensures environmental protection.

7. RISK

Category	Risks	Primary Controls/Control Actions to achieve Target Risk Level	*Target Risk Level (L, M or H) *taking into account controls/control actions	*Does Target Risk Level Match Appetite Set?
Compliance	Risk of legislative non compliance	The policy allows for the identification of any malpractice or wrongdoing, including illegal activity, and ensures that workers are protected against any detriment for raising legitimate concerns, thus ensuring that the Council is compliant with the relevant legislation.	L	Yes
Operational	Workers do not feel empowered and	The Whistleblowing Policy provides a mechanism for legitimate	L	Yes

	supported to raise legitimate concerns they may have.	concerns to be raised without fear of reprisal		
Financial	There is a risk of malpractice or wrongdoing giving rise to claims against the Council or resulting in financial loss to the Council	The Policy allows for such risks to be mitigated through the identification of legitimate concerns which may lead to the Council incurring financial costs	L	Yes
Reputational	There is a risk of reputational damage to the Council as a result of malpractice or wrongdoing	The policy allows for concerns to be identified and addressed timeously thus reducing the risk of reputational damage to the Council. Additionally, taking a supportive approach to workers who raise legitimate concerns should help to enhance the Council's reputation as a good employer.	L	Yes

8. OUTCOMES

	COUNCIL DELIVERY PLAN 2023-2024			
			Impact of Report	
	Aberdee	en City Lo	cal Outcome Improvement Plan 2016-26	
Prosperous Outcomes	Place	Stretch	The Prosperous Place stretch outcome indicates that all citizens are entitled to live in a manner in which they feel safe, protected from harm and supported. The Whistleblowing Policy provides a mechanism for identifying and addressing any malpractice, wrongdoing or illegal activity, helping to ensure that citizens, service users and workers are protected from the effects of any such activity.	
Regiona	al and (City	The Policy contributes to the right people and right	
Stra	tegies		support elements of the Workforce Strategy by	

Workforce Strategy	providing mechanisms for supporting workers who
	identify and raise legitimate concerns.

9. IMPACT ASSESSMENTS

Assessment	Outcome
Integrated Impact Assessment	Stage 1 Assessment has been completed.
Data Protection Impact Assessment	Not Required. DPA Checklist completed.
Other	N/A

10. APPENDICES

10.1 Whistleblowing Policy

11. REPORT AUTHOR CONTACT DETAILS

Name	Kirsten Foley
Title	Employee Relations and Wellbeing Manager
Email Address	KFoley@aberdeencity.gov.uk

Whistleblowing Policy

Approved by Committee on 20xx with an implementation date of 20xx



Document Control

Approval Date Calibri bold 12pt	- Calibri Regular12pt
Implementation Date	
Policy Number	POL-C-0014
Policy Author(s) and Owner	
Approval Authority	Staff Governance Committee
Scheduled Review	Biennial
Date and Changes:	
November 2023: This is a replacement for th	e existing policy

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1 Why does the Council need this Policy?

- 1.1 The purpose of this policy is to provide workers who have serious concerns about malpractice or wrongdoing in the Council with a route to raise such issues within the organisation at an early stage and in an appropriate way, rather than overlooking them or raising them with an outside body. Making such a disclosure is commonly known as 'whistleblowing'. For the definition of "worker" in this context please see paragraph 2.1 below.
- 1.2 The Council is committed to applying high standards of integrity, openness and accountability and seeks to conduct its activities and functions in a responsible manner. In support of that commitment, the Council encourages workers to come forward and voice their concerns where they become aware of a whistleblowing issue, raising it in accordance with this policy and accompanying procedure.
- 1.3 The policy allows for the information to be disclosed without fear of reprisal and independent of line management, where appropriate.
- 1.4 There is legal protection for workers against being penalised or dismissed by their employer because of raising certain serious concerns, known as 'qualifying disclosures', details of which are shown under 13.3 and appendix 1 below.
- 1.5 Whilst there is no specific legal requirement for an organisation to have a specific Whistleblowing Policy, best practice would be for such a policy to be in place.
- 1.6 This policy and accompanying procedure will help ensure that the Council is legally compliant in respect of whistleblowing and will mitigate the risk of any legislative breach. It should also reassure workers that it is safe and acceptable to speak up, enabling concerns to be raised at an early stage.
- 1.7 It is anticipated that any 'qualifying disclosure' will be made directly to the Council in the first instance. However, if an individual feels unable to use the Council's policy and accompanying procedure, the disclosure can be made to a relevant outside body. A list of prescribed outside bodies can be found on the Gov.uk website under the link

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/blowing-the-whistle-list-of-prescribed-people-and-bodies-2/whistleblowing-list-of-prescribed-people-and-bodies

2 Application and Scope Statement

2.1 This policy applies to workers of Aberdeen City Council. For the purposes of this policy, "worker" is defined as

individuals who have entered into or works under (or, where the employment has ceased, worked under)

- a. a contract of employment; or
- b. any other contract, whether express or implied and (if it is express) whether oral or in writing, whereby the individual undertakes to do or perform personally any work or services for another party to the contract whose status is not by virtue of the contract that of a client or customer of any profession or business undertaking carried on by the individual; and
- c. agency workers and individuals supplied via an intermediary.
- 2.2 It provides workers with a mechanism for raising their concerns in relation to information they believe shows malpractice or wrongdoing in the Council, allowing for this to be disclosed internally without fear of reprisal and independently of their line manager, if appropriate.
- 2.3 It aligns with the Council's Guiding Principle of 'valuing each other', confirming a commitment to ensuring everyone is treated with dignity and respect and supported by the organisation.
- 2.4 The policy does not apply to workers who wish to raise concerns about a service they have received from the Council. Such concerns should be raised via the corporate Complaints Handling Procedure Complaints handling procedure Aberdeen City Council
- 2.5 In addition, the policy does not apply to those who wish to raise concerns relating to their own employment. Such concerns should be raised under the Managing Grievances policy and accompanying procedure PeopleAnytime Managing-Grievances.pdf All Documents (sharepoint.com) and/or the Dignity and Respect at Work policy and accompanying procedure Dignity-and-Respect-at-Work-Policy.pdf (sharepoint.com).
- 2.6 Job applicants, and workers who carry out work or services for another party who is their customer or client are excluded from the legal protections for whistleblowers.
- 2.7 It should be noted that Settlement Agreements between the Council and a worker cannot be used to prevent a worker from making a Whistleblowing disclosure.

3 Responsibilities

- 3.1 Chief Officers are responsible for the application of the policy and accompanying procedure within their service delivery remit, ensuring that a supportive culture exists in which whistleblowing concerns can be raised without fear of reprisal.
- 3.2 Chief Officer P&OD is responsible for ensuring that appropriate training is in place.
- 3.3 The Council's Monitoring Officer is responsible for:
 - Deciding if a disclosure is 'qualifying' in accordance with the legislation and whether it can be considered under the policy and accompanying procedure and notifying the complainant
 - Identifying an officer to investigate the issue(s)
 - Discussing and agreeing the scope of an investigation with the investigating officer and ensuring that a thorough investigation is undertaken
 - Meeting with the complainant to explain the outcome of an investigation, following its completion
 - Communicating any action points arising from the whistleblowing concern to the relevant Chief Officer for implementation
 - Reporting to committee, as appropriate, on the number and type of whistleblowing cases
 - Signposting complainant to Scottish Public Services Ombudsman in the event the decision is not 'qualifying' or to the grievance process
 - Where it is more appropriate for a complaint to be handled under a different policy or process, for example Complaint Handling Protocol or Managing Grievances, the matter will be referred to the appropriate Service of the Council
- 3.4 Line managers are responsible for:
 - Ensuring that workers are aware of this policy and accompanying procedure
 - Ensuring that whistleblowing concerns raised with them are channeled through the accompanying procedure
 - Ensuring that workers are appropriately supported following their raising a whistleblowing concern
 - Ensuring that no worker is subjected to victimization or any unfair treatment because of raising a whistleblowing concern.
- 3.5 Employees and workers are responsible for:
 - Familiarising themselves with the content of this policy and accompanying procedure
 - Being vigilant in respect of illegal or unethical conduct in the organisation and to immediately report issues of that nature that they become aware of
 - Submitting any 'qualifying disclosures' in accordance with this policy and

- accompanying procedure
- Co-operating with management during any investigation and throughout the whistleblowing process
- Not victimizing or mistreating colleagues who submit a whistleblowing concern.
- 3.6 A breach or misuse of this policy may result in the potential use of other corporate procedures e.g. disciplinary procedure.
- 3.7 Non-compliance with the policy should be reported to the employee's line manager.
- 3.8 Any feedback on the policy or suggestions for improvement can be communicated to the Chief Officer P&OD or Employee Relations and Wellbeing Manager and this will be taken into account as part of the regular review of this policy.

4 Supporting Procedures & Documentation

- 4.1 An accompanying Whistleblowing procedure has been put in place to support adherence to this policy which can be found on the intranet.
- 4.2 The policy also links to:
 - The Council's Guiding Principles
 - The Managing Discipline policy and accompanying procedure and guidance
 - Managing Grievances policy and accompanying procedure and guidance
 - Dignity and Respect at Work policy and accompanying procedure and guidance
 - Managing substance Misuse Policy and guidance
 - Employee Code of Conduct
 - Council's Financial Regulations
 - Fraud, Bribery and Corruption policy
 - Health and Safety policy
 - Corporate Complaints procedure

5 About this Policy

5.1 The policy is not creating any specific regulations or requirements other than what is stated under Core Principles below.

Policy Core Principles

- 5.2 Only a 'qualifying disclosure' in accordance with the legislative provisions will be considered under the policy and accompanying procedure, with the person raising the issue(s) requiring to believe it to be in the public interest (see appendix 1 below).
- 5.3 Disclosures regarded as 'non-qualifying', such as where the law is broken when making a disclosure, or where the information is protected under legal professional privilege, are not protected by the legislation and will not be covered by the policy and accompanying procedure.
- 5.4 The Council's Monitoring Officer will make the determination on whether the disclosure is 'qualifying' in accordance with the legislation and hence whether it can be considered under the policy and accompanying procedure.
- 5.5 Employees and workers are encouraged to raise any concerns about malpractice or wrongdoing, regardless of the level of seniority of a person(s) who may have been involved in the alleged act(s).
- 5.6 All concerns raised under the policy and accompanying procedure will be treated in confidence and every effort will be made not to reveal an individual's identity if they so wish. However, an employee or worker may need to be identified and/or called as a witness in connection with an investigation at a later point. On these occasions prior consent will be sought, and further support and assistance given to the individual concerned.
- 5.7 Victimization or any unfair treatment of a worker for raising a 'qualifying disclosure' will be regarded as a disciplinary issue.
- 5.8 Any matters raised under the policy will be investigated thoroughly and as promptly as possible and the outcome reported back to the individual who raised the issue.
- 5.9 The policy and accompanying procedure will not be used to reconsider matters which have already been addressed through other policies and procedures.
- 5.10 Concerns expressed anonymously will be considered at the discretion of the Council. In exercising this discretion, the factors to be considered would include the seriousness of the issue(s) raised; the credibility of the concerns; and the

likelihood of confirming the allegations from alternative sources. Due to the anonymity of these type of concerns, whistleblowers in these instances will not ordinarily be able to receive feedback and that any action taken to look into a disclosure could be limited. Feedback to anonymous whistleblowers may be provided via a scheduled telephone appointment or to an anonymized email address.

- 5.11 If an individual makes a 'qualifying disclosure' in the public interest but it is not confirmed by an investigation, no action will be taken against the employee or worker who raised the matter.
- 5.12 Where following investigation an allegation(s) raised is found to be false or malicious the Council will seek to take disciplinary action against the individual(s) concerned and will aim to minimise any potential negative impact the false or malicious allegation(s) may have had.
- 5.13 Disclosure to the media or social media is not permitted before, during and after the completion of a whistleblowing investigation either conducted internally or via a regulatory body. An individual making a disclosure to the media in these circumstances may face disciplinary action.

6 Risk

- 6.1 The following identified risks will be mitigated against through having this policy in place.
 - Compliance having a whistleblowing policy and supporting guidance in place will reduce the risk of legislative non-compliance with the purpose of the policy being to identify and address any malpractice or wrongdoing, including illegal activity, and ensuring that workers are protected against any detriment for raising legitimate concerns.
 - Operational The biggest operational risk is that workers do not feel empowered and protected to "whistleblow" where they see potential cases of serious malpractice or wrong doing. Having this policy in place will give workers the confidence to raise such issues, thus enabling the organisation to address matters appropriately and contain any potential negative impacts that could affect business efficiency.
 - Financial these risks will be mitigated by the policy as it should contribute to avoiding claims against the Council relating to malpractice or wrongdoing. Such claims, as well as any losses incurred, could otherwise be very costly.
 - Reputational the policy should also contribute towards reducing reputational risk, as if any malpractice or wrongdoing is identified and

addressed timeously this will help to avoid adverse publicity and demonstrate that the Council has in place robust processes for dealing with such events. In addition, being supportive towards employees and workers who raise whistleblowing issues should help to enhance the Council's reputation as a good employer.

- 6.2 There have been no unintended effects and consequences identified resulting from the introduction of the policy.
- 6.3 The risks identified will be managed and mitigated through application of the policy across the Council. This will be undertaken by ensuring the policy and accompanying procedure are readily available to all and that support is provided from People and Organisational Development and Governance in the interpretation of the policy, where required.
- 6.4 Monitoring will be undertaken of any feedback from stakeholders or others in relation to the identified risks and appropriate action taken if any concerns arise.
- 6.5 The policy should support the organisation's 'PREVENT' obligations as part of the 'CONTEST' framework by helping to ensure that workers' concerns about any malpractice or wrongdoing in the organisation are listened to and addressed as appropriate, with them being afforded the protection against any detriment for raising a legitimate issue as well as support from management. This should help to maintain employees' and workers' health and wellbeing, reduce their vulnerability and in turn make them less susceptible to radicalization and being drawn into terrorist organisations. Further information on this subject is available on this link Prevent Awareness (sharepoint.com)

7 Environmental Considerations

7.1 Whistleblowing can cover a variety of disclosures, including where a worker reasonably believes that damage to the environment is occurring, has taken place, or is likely to happen in future. Having this policy in place will provide employees and workers with a means to raise such issues, helping to ensure environmental protection in relation to Council activities; with the legal safeguards also available to workers against any disadvantage through raising legitimate concerns.

8 Policy Performance

8.1 The main factors determining the effectiveness of the policy and whether it adds

the value intended is the usage of the policy by employees and workers who wish to raise concerns about any malpractice or wrongdoing in the Council and the consistency in its application by managers and the Monitoring Officer. It is not expected that it will be used extensively, with malpractice or wrongdoing likely to be issues that arise only occasionally, but it is important that the Council has in place a robust policy and accompanying procedure which is available for when the need arises.

- 8.2 The effectiveness of the policy will be measured through gathering data on the number and type of whistleblowing cases being raised through the policy and accompanying procedure, making annual comparisons, and through collecting any feedback from users of the policy and accompanying procedure, including in relation to organisational culture around encouragement to raise concerns.
- 8.3 The Council's Monitoring Officer will report to committee, as appropriate, on the number and type of whistleblowing cases, ensuring that confidentiality is maintained.

9 Design and Delivery

- 9.1 The policy links to the 'Workforce Design' principle of the Target Operating Model (TOM) in that it is concerned with organisational culture. The Council aims to apply high standards of integrity, openness and accountability and seeks to conduct its activities and functions in a responsible manner. Having a whistleblowing policy and accompanying procedure in place where employees and workers are encouraged to come forward and raise their concerns if they become aware of issues relating to malpractice or wrongdoing, and supported in doing so, will contribute to a positive culture in the organisation. It also accords with the Council's Guiding Principles, particularly in relation to the commitment to valuing and supporting staff.
- 9.2 The policy also links to the 'Prosperous Place' theme in the Local Outcome Improvement Plan (LOIP) which indicates that all people in the City are entitled to live in a manner in which they feel safe and protected from harm and supported where necessary. All citizens are equally entitled to enjoy these aspirations, including service users and Council employees and workers. Having a whistleblowing policy and accompanying procedure in place which can help to identify and address any malpractice or wrongdoing in the organisation, including illegal practices, will help ensure citizens, service users, employees and workers are all protected from the effects of any such activity.

10 Housekeeping and Maintenance

10.1The Policy replaces the existing Whistleblowing policy and will be reviewed biennially with any necessary updates made to it and the accompanying procedural document.

11 Communication and Distribution

- 11.1 This policy and accompanying procedure will be shared directly with the Extended Corporate Management Team to enable their communication and distribution in accordance with responsibilities set out in section 3.
- 11.2 The policy and accompanying procedure will be available to view on the organisation's shared areas on the intranet.

12 Information Management

12.1 Information generated by the application of this policy and accompanying procedure will be managed in accordance with the Council's Corporate Information Policy and Supporting Procedures.

13 Definitions and Understanding this Policy

- 13.1 Whistleblowing is making a disclosure in the public interest. It means that if an individual believes there is malpractice or wrongdoing in the organisation this can be reported by following the correct process, and by doing this the legal protections will apply to the whistleblower from suffering detriment as result of raising such concerns.
- 13.2 Public interest a disclosure in the public interest is one about malpractice or wrongdoing in the public sector that serves the public interest. For an allegation to be considered a public interest disclosure under the legislation it must be made to the employer as a whistleblowing concern (or to a proper authority see 1.6 above for list of prescribed authorities for making complaints to).
- 13.3 Qualifying disclosure are disclosures of information where the employee or worker reasonably believes (and it is in the public interest) that one or more of the following matters is either happening, has taken place, or is likely to happen in the future.
 - A criminal offence
 - The breach of a legal obligation
 - A miscarriage of justice
 - A danger to the health and safety of any individual
 - Damage to the environment

Deliberate attempt to conceal any of the above.

13.4 Worker – the definition of worker for whistleblowing purposes includes

- 1. individuals who have entered into or works under (or, where the employment has ceased, worked under)
 - d. a contract of employment; or
 - e. any other contract, whether express or implied and (if it is express) whether oral or in writing, whereby the individual undertakes to do or perform personally any work or services for another party to the contract whose status is not by virtue of the contract that of a client or customer of any profession or business undertaking carried on by the individual; and
- 2. agency workers and individuals supplied via an intermediary.

14 External Sources of Guidance

The following are external sources of Whistleblowing guidance

- UK Government Whistleblowing: Guidance for Employers and Code of Practice (publishing.service.gov.uk)
- ACAS The law on whistleblowing at work: Whistleblowing at work Acas
- Protect <u>Protect Speak up stop harm Protect Speak up stop harm (protect-advice.org.uk)</u>

Appendix 1

Summary of Legislative Provisions

- The Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998 (as amended by the Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013) gives legal protection to workers against being penalised or dismissed by their employer because of raising certain serious concerns, known as 'qualifying disclosures'.
- A 'qualifying disclosure' is any disclosure of information that in the reasonable belief of the individual, is made in the public interest.
- The list of 'qualifying disclosures' in the legislation is where one or more of the following has been, is being, or is likely to be committed: - A criminal offence; a failure or likely failure to comply with any legal obligation; a miscarriage of justice; putting health and safety of any individual in danger; damage to the environment; deliberate concealment relating to any of the foregoing.
- It is not necessary for the individual to have proof of the above, a reasonable belief is sufficient.
- The legislative provisions ensure that no one is disadvantaged in raising legitimate concerns.
- The legislation protects a 'worker' who makes a whistleblowing complaint from suffering detriment as result of raising concerns. The term 'worker' is given a wide definition in the legislation covering those mentioned in 2.1 above.
- It should be noted that whistleblowers are protected whilst they are in employment and after employment has ended.

- If an employee is dismissed because they were a whistleblower, the dismissal will be automatically unfair. An employee will also be unfairly dismissed if they are selected for redundancy because they were a whistleblower.
- Some disclosures are regarded as 'non-qualifying disclosures', such as
 where the law is broken when making a disclosure, or where the
 information is protected under legal professional privilege. The worker is
 not protected by the legislation for whistleblowing in respect of a 'nonqualifying disclosure'.

